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services shall operate to prevent collection by the United States.

- (b) *General rules.* Based on the statutory requirement, the following are general rules for the administration of 10 U.S.C. 1095 and this part.
- (1) Express exclusions or limitations in third party payer plans that are inconsistent with 10 U.S.C. 1095(b) are inoperative.
- (2) No objection, precondition or limitation may be asserted that defeats the statutory purpose of collecting from third party payers.
- (3) Third party payers may not treat claims arising from services provided in facilities of the uniformed services less favorably than they treat claims arising from services provided in other hospitals.
- (4) No objection, precondition or limitation may be asserted that is contrary to the basic nature of facilities of the uniformed services.
- (c) Specific examples of impermissible exclusion. The following are several specific examples of impermissible exclusions, limitations or preconditions. These examples are not all inclusive.
- (1) Care provided by a government entity. A provision in a third party payer's plan that purports to disallow or limit payment for services provided by a government entity or paid for by a government program (or similar exclusion) is not a permissible ground for refusing or reducing third party payment
- (2) No obligation to pay. A provision in a third party payer's plan that purports to disallow or limit payment for services for which the patient has no obligation to pay (or similar exclusion) is not a permissible ground for refusing or reducing third party payment.
- (3) Exclusion of military beneficiaries. No provision of an employer sponsored program or plan that purports to make ineligible for coverage individuals who are uniformed services health care beneficiaries shall be permissible.
- (4) No participation agreement. The lack of a participation agreement or the absence of privity of contract between a third party payer and a facility of the uniformed services is not a

permissible ground for refusing or reducing third party payment.

[55 FR 21748, May 29, 1990, as amended at 57 FR 41101, Sept. 9, 1992]

# §220.4 Reasonable terms and conditions of health plan permissible.

- (a) Statutory requirement. The statutory obligation of the third party to pay is not unqualified. Under 10 U.S.C. 1095(a)(1) (as noted in §220.2 of this part), the obligation to pay is to the extent the third party payer would be obliged to pay if the beneficiary incurred the costs personally.
- (b) General rules. (1) Based on the statutory requirement, after any impermissible exclusions have been made inoperative (see §220.3 of this part), reasonable terms and conditions of the third party payer's plan that apply generally and uniformly to services provided in facilities other than facilities of the uniformed services may also be applied to services provided in facilities of the uniformed services.
- (2) Third party payers are not required to treat claims arising from services provided in facilities of the uniformed services more favorably than they treat claims arising from services provided in other hospitals.
- (c) Specific examples of permissible terms and conditions. The following are several specific examples of permissible terms and conditions of third party payer plans. These examples are not all inclusive.
- (1) Generally applicable coverage provisions. Generally applicable provisions regarding particular types of medical care or medical conditions covered by the third party payer's plan are permissible grounds to refuse or limit third party payment.
- (2) Generally applicable utilization review provisions. Generally applicable provisions of the third party payer's plan requiring preadmission screening, second surgical opinions, retrospective review or other similar utilization review activities are permissible grounds to refuse or reduce third party payment if such refusal or reduction is required by the third party payer's plan. Such provisions, however, may not be applied in a manner that would result in claims arising from services provided by facilities of the uniformed

services being treated less favorably than claims arising from services provided by other hospitals.

(3) Restrictions in HMO plans. Generally applicable exclusions in Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) plans of nonemergency services provided outside the HMO (or similar exclusions) are permissible.

#### §220.5 Records available.

Pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 1095(c), facilities of the uniformed services, when requested, shall make available to representatives of any third party payer from which the United States seeks payment under 10 U.S.C. 1095 for inspection and review appropriate health care records (or copies of such records) of individuals for whose care payment is sought. Appropriate records which will be made available are records which document that the services which are the subject of the claims for payment under 10 U.S.C. 1095 were provided as claimed and were provided in a manner consistent with permissible terms and conditions of the third party payer's plan. This is the sole purpose for which patient care records will be made available. Records not needed for this purpose will not be made available.

### §220.6 Certain payers excluded.

(a) Medicare and Medicaid. Under 10 U.S.C. 1095(d), claims for payment from the Medicare or Medicaid programs (titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act) are not authorized.

(b) Supplemental plans. CHAMPUS (see 32 CFR part 199) supplemental plans and income supplemental plans are excluded from any obligation to

pay under 10 U.S.C. 1095.

(c) Third party payer plans prior to April 7, 1986. 10 U.S.C. 1095 is not applicable to third party payer plans which have been in continuous effect without amendment or renewal since prior to April 7, 1986. Plans entered into, amended or renewed on or after April 7, 1986, are subject to 10 U.S.C. 1095.

(d) Third party payer plans prior to November 5, 1990, in connection with outpatient care. The provisions of 10 U.S.C. 1095 and this section concerning outpatient services are not applicable to third party payer plans:

(1) That have been in continuous effect without amendment or renewal since prior to November 5, 1990; and

(2) For which the facility of the Uniformed Services or other authorized representative for the United States makes a determination, based on documentation provided by the third party payer, that the policy or plan clearly excludes payment for such services. Plans entered into, amended or renewed on or after November 5, 1990, are subject to this section, as are prior plans that do not clearly exclude payment for services covered by this section.

[55 FR 21748, May 29, 1990, as amended at 57 FR 41101, Sept. 9, 1992]

#### §220.7 Remedies.

(a) Pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 1095(e)(1), the United States may institute and prosecute legal proceedings against a third party payer to enforce a right of the United States under 10 U.S.C. 1095 and this part.

(b) Pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 1095(e)(2), an authorized representative of the United States may compromise, settle or waive a claim of the United States under 10 U.S.C. 1095 and this part.

(c) The authorities provided by 32 CFR part 90 regarding collection of indebtedness due the United States shall also be available to effect collections pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 1095 and this part.

## § 220.8 Reasonable costs.

(a) Diagnosis related group (DRG)based method for calculating reasonable costs for inpatient services—(1) In gen-As authorized by 10 U.S.C. 1095(f)(3), the calculation of reasonable costs for purposes of collections for inpatient hospital care under 10 U.S.C. 1095 and this part shall be based on diagnosis related groups (DRGs). Costs shall be based on the inpatient full reimbursement rate per hospital discharge, weighted to reflect the intensity of the principal diagnosis involved. The average cost per case shall be published annually as an inpatient standardized amount. A relative weight for each DRG shall be the same as the DRG weights published annually for hospital reimbursement rates under the Civilian Health and Medicare Program of the Uniformed Services